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Simulator Studies for HRA “A turning point for HRA”

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Systems Analysis

Background

- For the actions/tasks of interest in the PSAs of nuclear power plants, HRA data is scarce.
- Integrated risk-informed decision-making requires validated tools.
- HRA data is essential to validation of HRA (validity of methods, calibration of expert judgment)

Recent developments

Use of HRA data from dedicated simulator studies for HRA method assessment

Int’l HRA Empirical Study (2007-2011)

- SGTR (2 scenarios), LOFW (2 scenarios)
- 13 actions (HFEs)
- 14 licensed crews
- method vs. reference data. Could not address inter-analyst method reliability (consistency)


U.S. HRA Empirical Study (2010-2011)

- 3 scenarios: SGTR, LOFW+induc. SGTR, Loss of CCW and Seal LOCA
- 4 (+1) actions (HFEs)
- 4 licensed crews
- 2-3 analysis teams per method * 4 methods

Some references:
 International HRA Empirical Study
 NUREG/IA-0216, issued also as
 HWR-844, HWR-915, HWR-915

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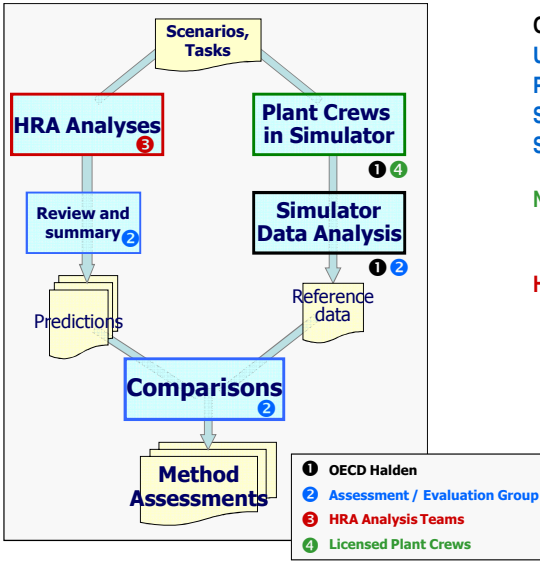
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HRA Empirical Studies method benchmarks based on simulator data

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OECD Halden ① ②

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission ② ③

Paul Scherrer Institute ② ③

Sciencetech / EPRI ② ③

Sandia Nat. Laboratories ②

Nuclear power plant crews ④


14 x 3-person licensed crews (same utility)

HRA Analysis Teams ③

US: NRC, EPRI, INL
 France: EDF, IRSN
 Korean Atomic Energy Research Institute (KAERI)
 Nuclear Research Institute Rez, Cz
 Paul Scherrer Institute, CH
 Ringhals/Vattenfall, Sweden
 Technical Res. Centre of Finland (VTT)

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Overall outcomes and conclusions

HRA

- **Reference data collected in simulator allows useful assessment of HRA methods**
 - both qualitative and quantitative results (performance issues and probabilities)
- **This benchmark against data provided strong indications for improving methods**
 - Methods focusing on wrong issues
 - Calibration of method
- **Benchmarking feasible with 4 crews**
 - with limitations, more would be better...


Safety

- **Simulator study including very challenging scenarios provided insights for safety**
 - Ambiguity in specific items of procedural guidance
 - Factors affecting time performance of tasks (operational difficulties or issues leading to delays)
- **Insights for PSA/HRA analyses**
 - Identification of potential performance issues to be considered for specific scenarios and HFEs

Heritage

- **Quantitative use of simulator studies does not always require 10-100+ observations**
- **Good qualitative analysis is key to get valid results (and safety insights)**
 - Informed by plant operational knowledge
- **Guidance to apply HRA methods should be improved**
 - Qualitative analysis
 - Factors considered (their scope, assessment, impact on error probability)
- **Simulator studies for HRA should be extended**
 - consensus methodology is needed
 - data relevant for current human factors issues and modern interfaces is needed

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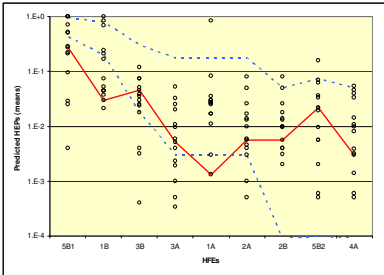
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Quantitative results – CESA-q

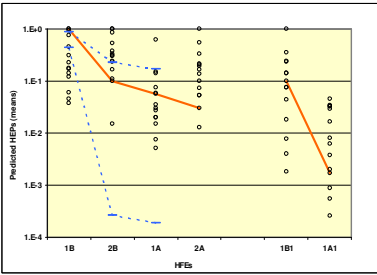
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- **Method: CESA-q, quantification module of Commission Errors Search and Assessment - PSI, Switzerland (B. Reer)**
- **HRA team: L. Podofilini (PSI), B. Reer (ENSI)**

Steam Generator Tube rupture




Loss of Feedwater



- **HEPs sensitive to the conditions addressed in the analysis (Discriminating power)**
- **Generally good correspondence between predicted HEPs and crew data (ranking and uncertainty bounds)**
- **Some optimism in certain HEP predictions (in SGTR)**
 - Conditions for the operators more challenging than we expedited
 - Method focuses on decision errors: execution difficulties possibly underestimated

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Turning insights into method revision

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Assessment in Intl. HRA Empirical Study

- moderately good predictive performance
- traceability, guidance questioned

CESA-q Human Error Quantification based on


- identifying an EOC with a similar factor profile from **database**
- Quantification based on similarity

Database of 26 EOC events from operational experience, analyzed and quantified

ID	Event Title	EOC	Evaluations of CESA-Q adjustment factors										Mean HEP
			VH	VM	VD	VE	BP	DP	PR	TP	EP		
AE-1	High Voltage Exposure (restricted)	Bypass of Door Blockage	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	4	5.2E-3	
...													
AE-3	LOCA through Shutdowns Cooling Section Valve (San Onofre 2, 1995)	Opening of LPI Mini-Flow Isolation Valves	0.2	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	2	7.2E-2	


Database dimension is limited (26 events)

- Difficult to find a close match
- Guidance for adjustment is limited (and difficult to develop)




Revision of CESA-Q to address benchmark insights and outcomes

- Model-based (BBN) quantification
- Represent relationships among factors and EOC likelihood
- Model informed by the database



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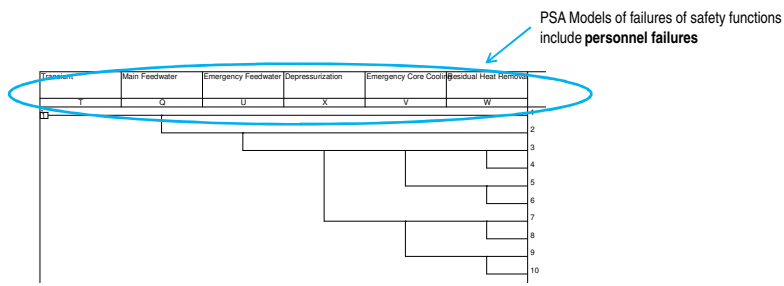


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Probabilistic Safety Assessment and HRA

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- Standard HRA practice (current ASME/ANS Standard) analyzes personnel **failures to perform required responses**, Errors of Omission (EOOs), in HRA terminology



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The EOC issue

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- Errors Of Commission (EOCs): inappropriate actions that aggravate a scenario (e.g. Three Mile Island, 1979; Air Florida 90, 1982; Operational event analyses)
- Challenge: to identify **plausible, risk-significant** EOC situations
 - The **number of inappropriate actions** that can potentially be performed is very large (in principle)
- Challenge: to assess their probability
 - Decisions can be driven by **very specific contextual factors** (e.g., conflicting goals, misleading indications, multiple aggravating factors acting simultaneously)
 - Lack of empirical data
- *A pioneering study:*
 - *Julius JA, Jorgenson EJ, Parry GW, Mosleh A. A procedure for the analysis of errors of commission in a probabilistic safety assessment of a nuclear power plant at full power, Reliability Engineering & System Safety, 1995; 50:189–201*

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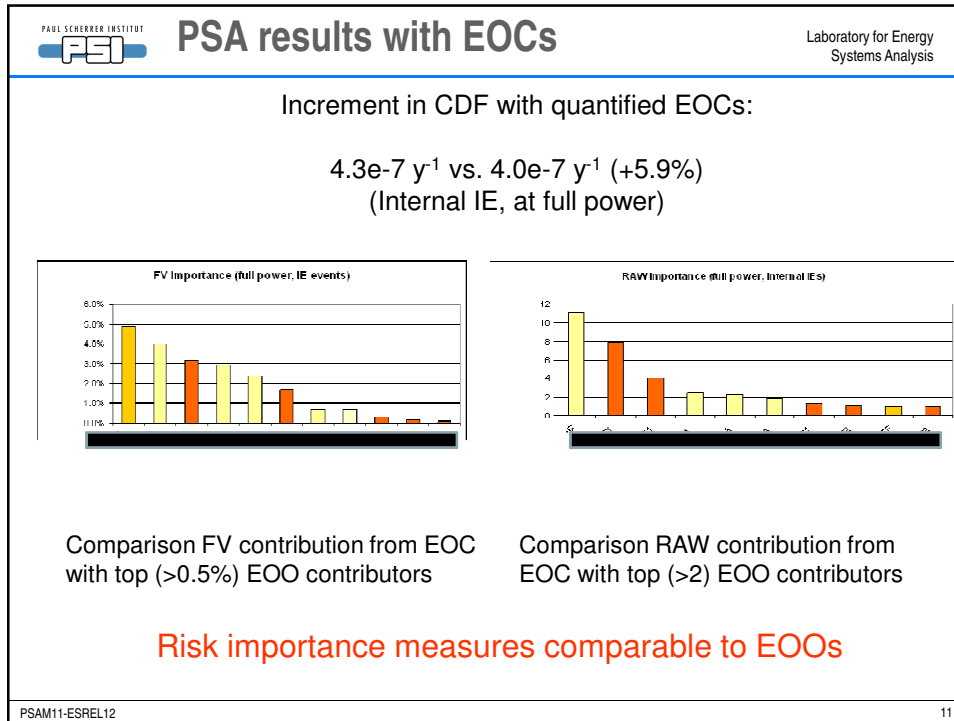
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Interest in EOC is growing

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- **Newer HRA methods:** ATHEANA (US NRC), MERMOS (EDF), CESA (PSI)
- NUREG-1792, “**Good practices for implementing HRA**” dedicates a chapter to EOC
 - Good practice #1: Address EOCs in Future HRAs/PSAs (recommended)
 - Good practice #2: As a minimum, search for conditions that may make EOCs more likely

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EOCs, where is the bar?

- Identification:
 - Conceptually, we know what we want (plausibility, risk significance)
 - Methods exist (ATHEANA, MERMOS, CESA, ...)
 - Experience with comprehensive studies on EOCs is limited worldwide, so is the use of results from previous studies to inform new ones
 - EOCs identified in one plant study can be taken for consideration for another plant
 - Towards a library of relevant EOCs to be systematically addressed

↓

Recommend that efforts on large-scale applications be undertaken

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EOCs, where is the bar?

- EOC quantification
 - Difficult (treating decisions, multiple interacting factors)
 - Existing methods heavily based on expert judgment
 - We need to build consensus on what **types of decisions** we want to model and **what factors characterize them.**
 - Key for another, underexplored area for HRA: severe accident management response

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The HRA Society

"Improving Safety for Society" through better human performance prediction

Aims of the HRAS

- foster the discipline
- support HRA professionals
- exchange expertise and experience

building a shared vision,
organizing events,
contributing and participating

Interested?
www.hrasociety.org

Scientific, non-profit society

Contact our board...

Pierre Le Bot (president)
Ron Boring, Andreas Bye,
Susan Cooper, Vinh Dang,
John Forester, Bruce Hallbert,
Jeff Julius, Barry Kirwan,
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